146/148/DDH Seminar

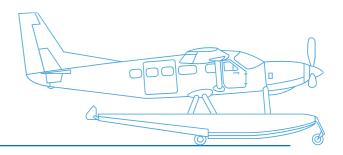
19 NOVEMBER 2020

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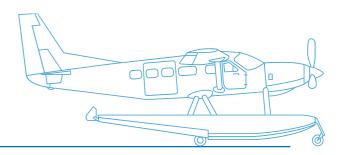


Jason Ashworth - Certification Manager, Aircraft and Product

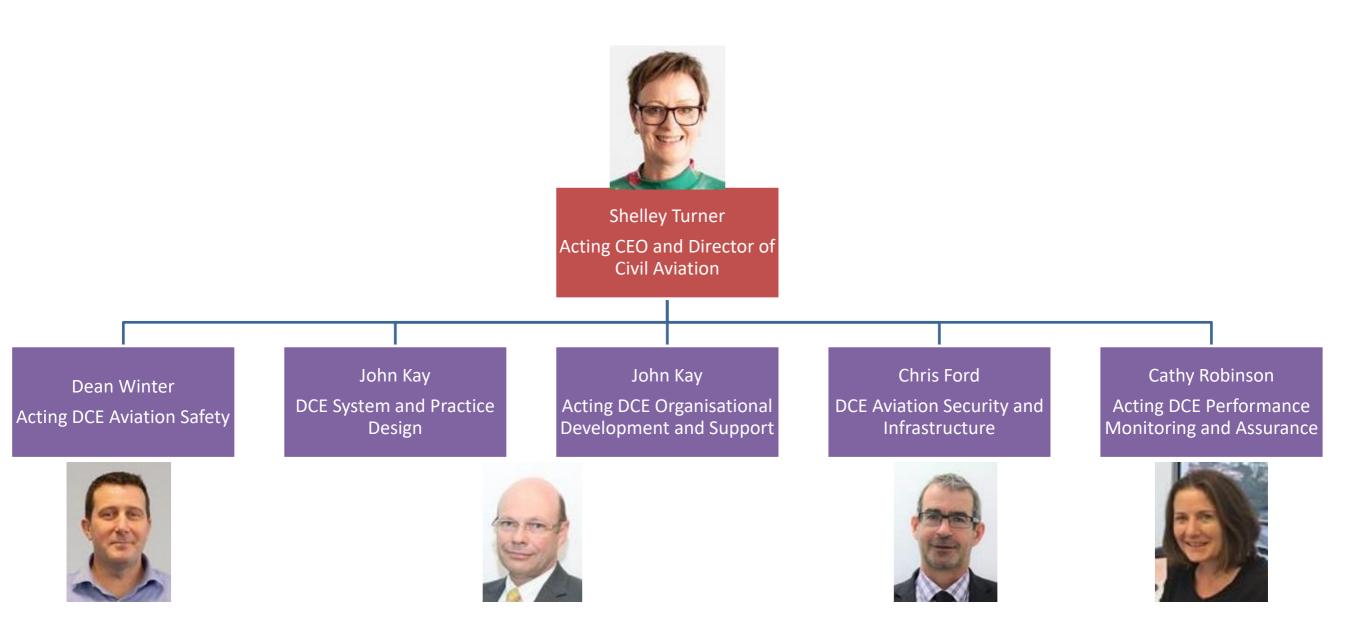




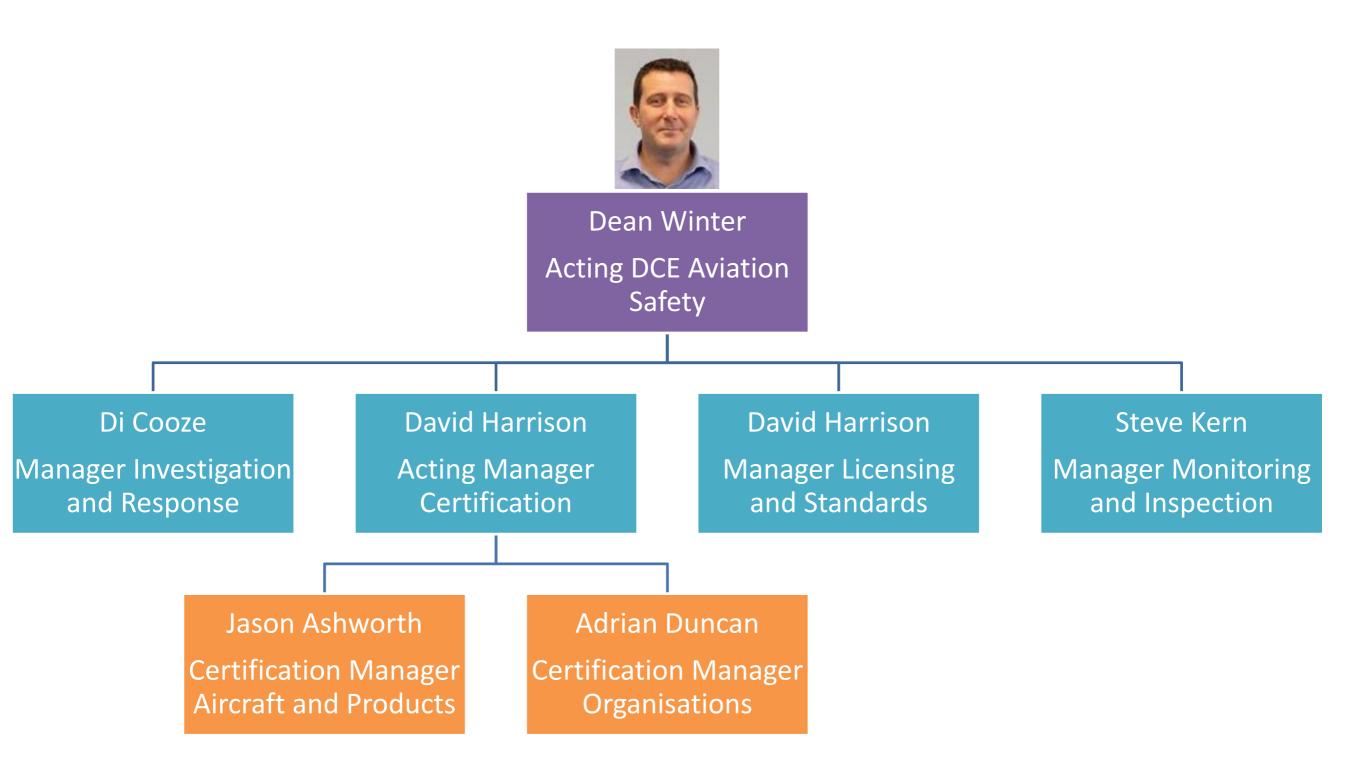
CAA Restructure in July 2020



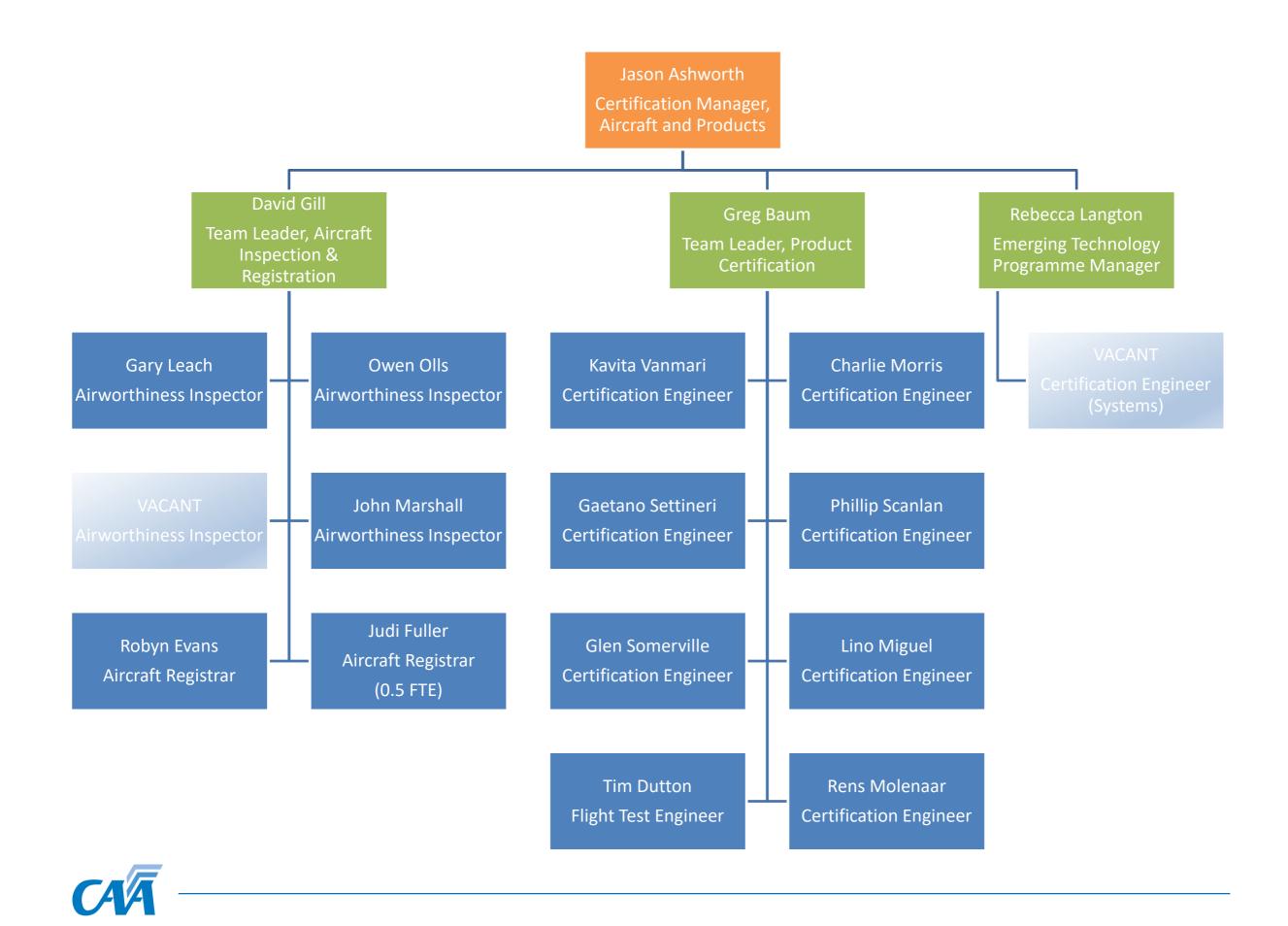


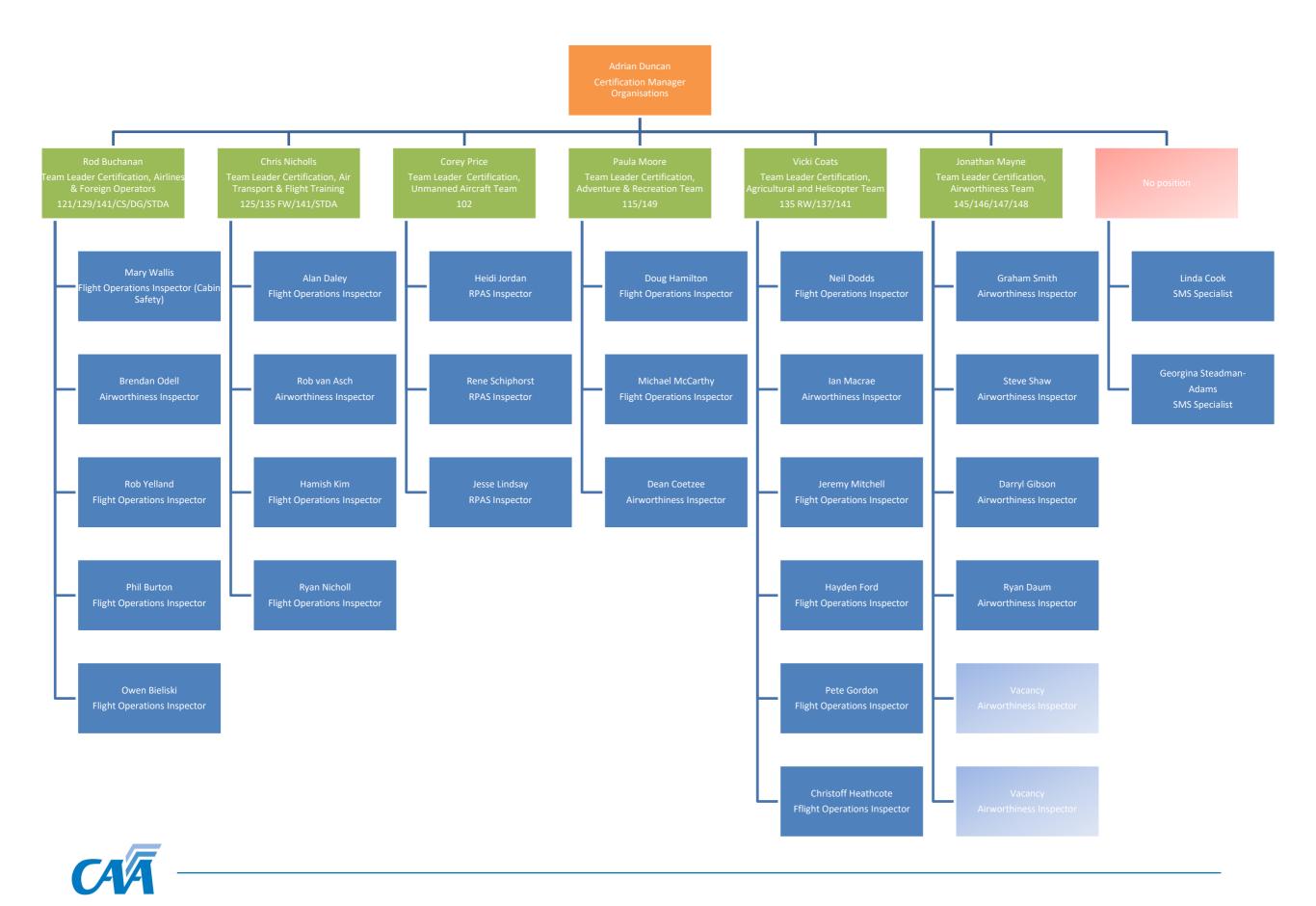


CAA

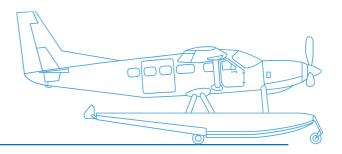








How the new structure affects you as a DDH / Part 146 / Part 148





Central application point for certification activities: certification@caa.govt.nz

You may see new names & faces at team leader / management level BUT you will likely interact on activities with familiar people.

E.g. an audit may by managed and led by a different auditor, but you'll likely see a Product Certification Engineer on the audit team

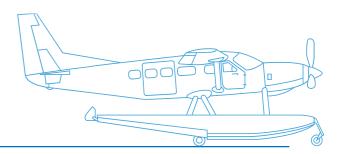
Broadly-speaking the Certification function is grouped into the following :

Aircraft-facing:	Certification Unit, Aircraft & Products	- TCs, STCs, Mods, CofA, CofR
Organisation-facing:	Certification Unit, Organisations	- 146/148 certification, amendment
People-facing:	Licensing and Standards	- Test Pilot Approvals

EXCEPT for Design Delegation Holders

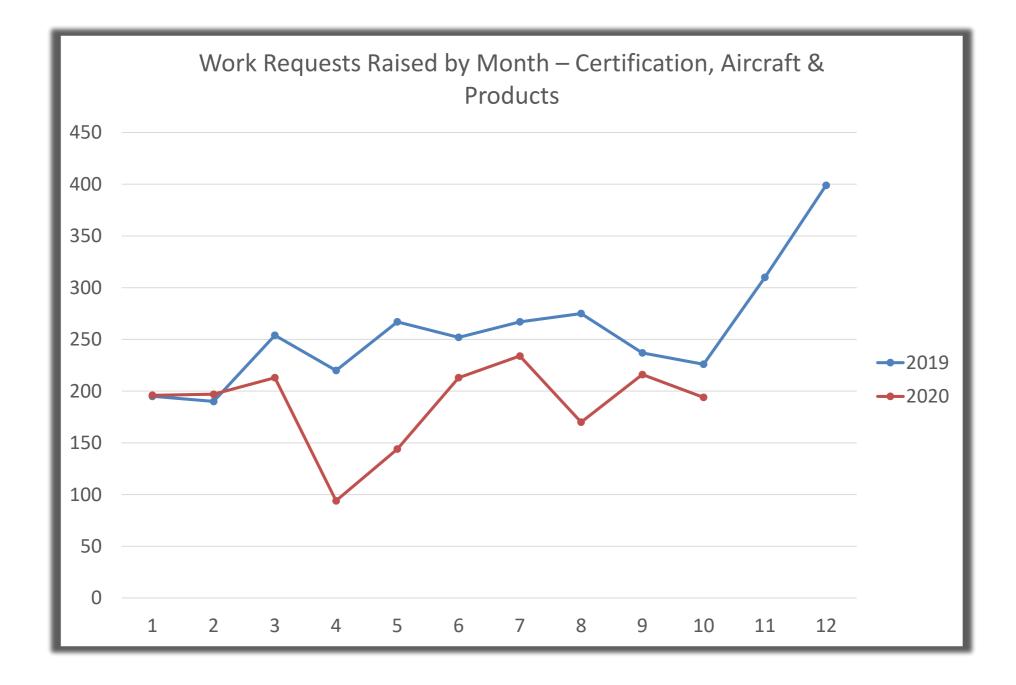
Product Certification Team retains overall responsibility for approval of DDHs

COVID-19 and the impact on us



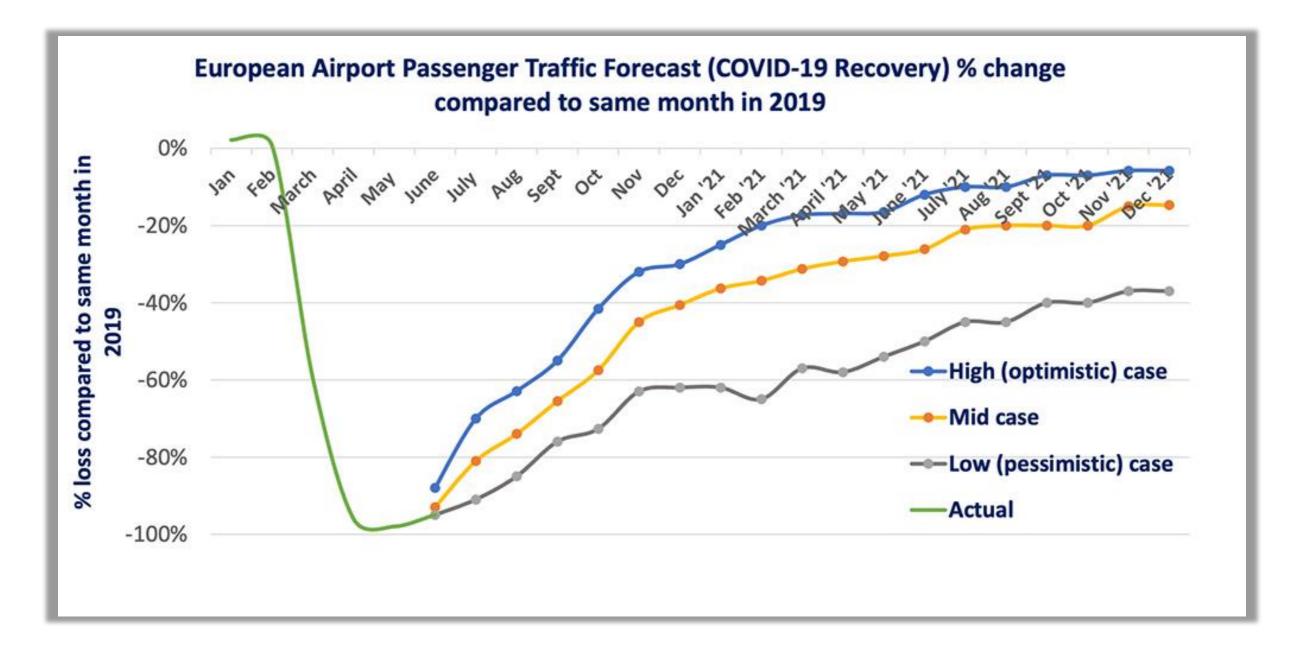


Stats



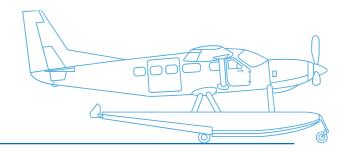


Stats





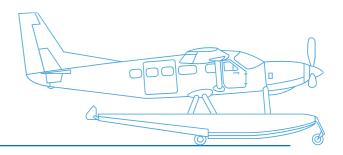
What are the risks to aviation now, and what will they be during recovery?



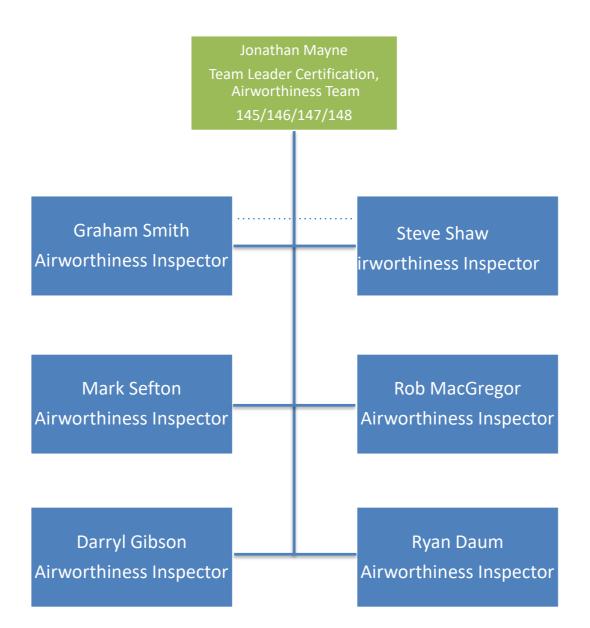


146/148 Certification

Jon Mayne - Team Leader 145/146/147/148/19F









Organisation Certification:

- > 12 Part 146 Design Organisation (7 SMS certified)
- > 13 Part 148 Manufacturing Organisation (8 SMS certified)
- > 53 Part 145 Maintenance Organisations
- 4 Part 147 Maintenance Training Organisations
- > 157 Part 119 Operators
- > 103 Part 137 Agricultural Operators
- > 23 Part 19F Supply Organisations

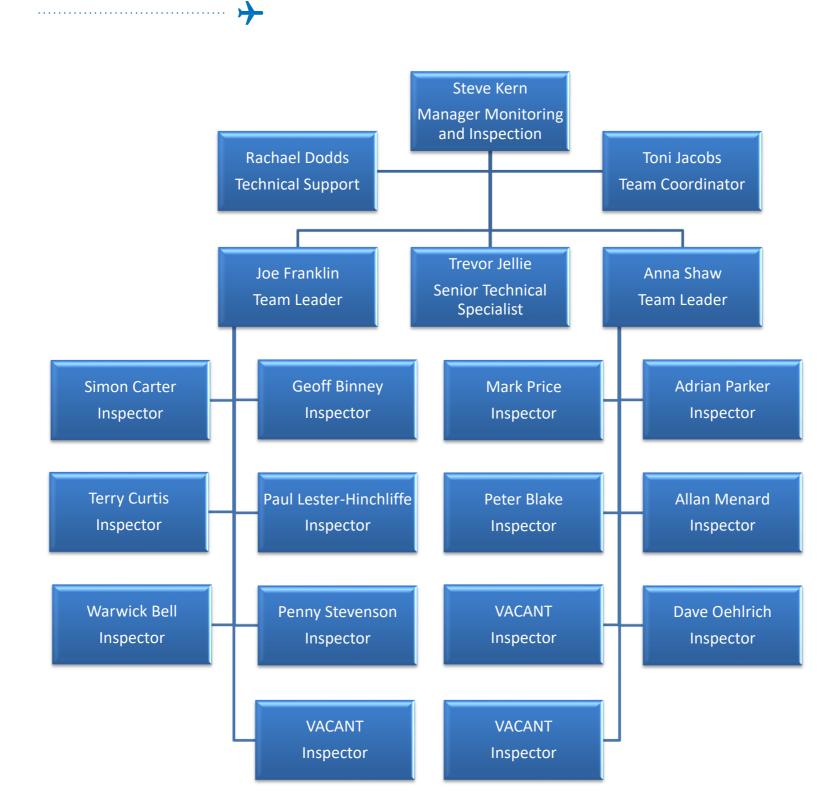


Monitoring and Inspection

Steve Kern - Manager Monitoring and Inspection









monitoring@caa.govt.nz





monitoring@caa.govt.nz

Risk-based, intelligence-led

"Turning the 2024 vision into reality will require focus on being smarter and more effective in everything we do and be willing to transform how we work in a risk-based, intelligence-led organisation."

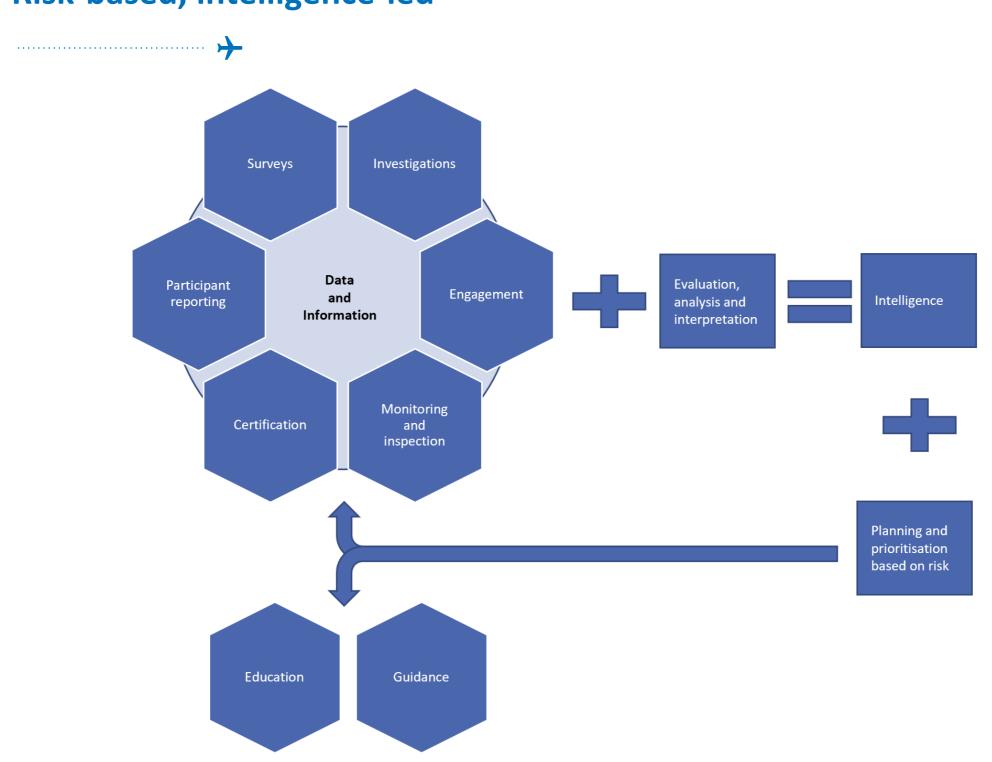
(Statement of Intent)

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This is what we want to be reporting by 2024. An aviation system in which no-one is harmed would give New Zealand truly safe and secure skies, along with an international reputation of which we could be immensely proud. If we don't set safety goals at zero, we give the message that severe, disabling and even fatal injuries are acceptable. If we can the goal of merely having "the best only record in the transport sector we're saying we'll tolerate some number of injuries per year.

Turning the 2024 vision into reality will require focus on being smarter and more effective in everything we do and be willing to transform how we work in a risk-based, intelligence-led organisation. The next five years will bring some major challenges. We'll be working to keep passengers tafe in an increasingly complex aviation security environment combined with sustained growth in international visitor numbers. New and potentially disruptive technology such as remotely piloted aircraft (drones) will grow even more rapidly, requiring great agility on our part. And our continuing move to being a performance-based regulator – where we build a comprehensive risk picture of the organisations we regulate and build our knowledge and data to ensure we target our regulation in the areas where it will make the biggest difference – will mean a very different way of working for many staff.





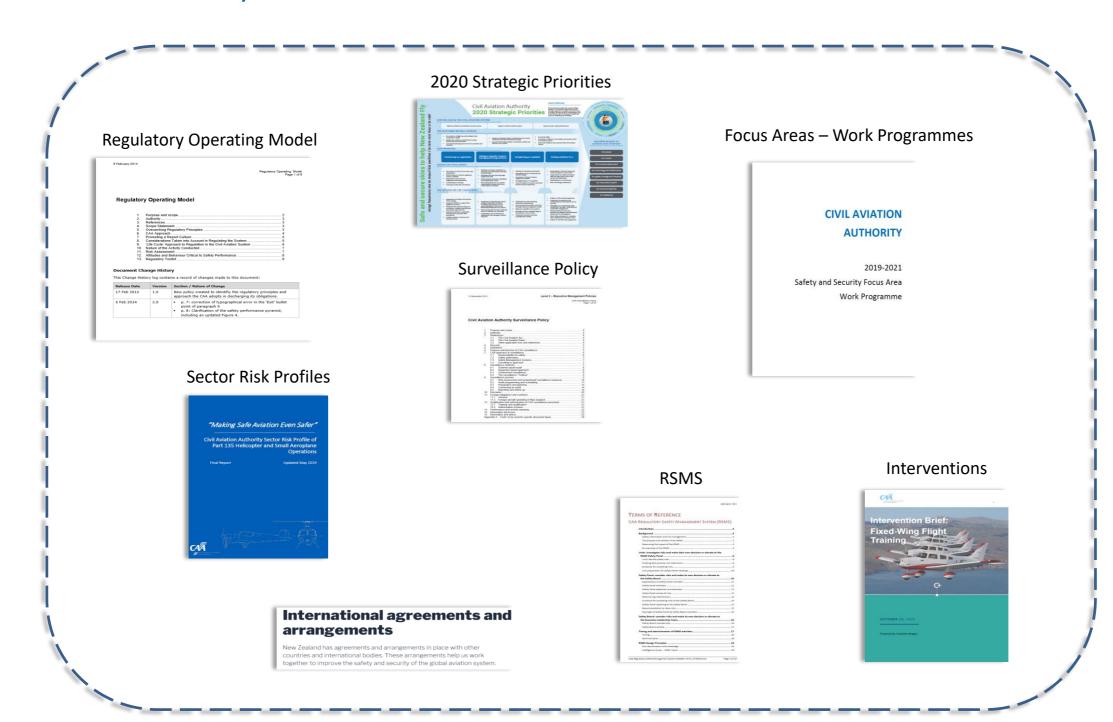
Risk-based, intelligence-led



monitoring@caa.govt.nz

Priorities

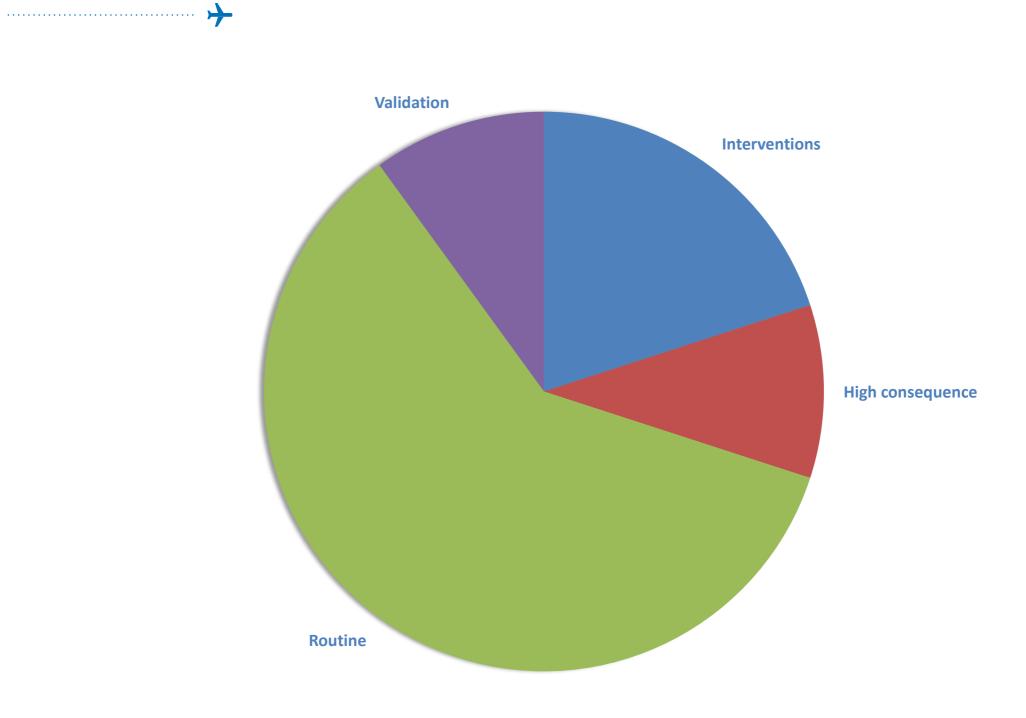
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CAA

monitoring@caa.govt.nz







Desktop review of documents e.g. post certification validation Sampling of returns from participants e.g. F337s Structured conversations e.g. COVID-19 calls Formal interviews – remote recorded conversations

Participant surveys

Certification

Programmed on-site audits Programmed on-site spot checks Sector or issue focused on-site spot checks Operational checks e.g. BFERs and enroute checks Field observations and intelligence gathering

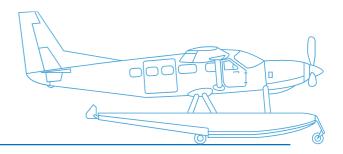
CAA TOOLBOX



monitoring@caa.govt.nz

Review and looking forward

Greg Baum – Team Leader Product Certification





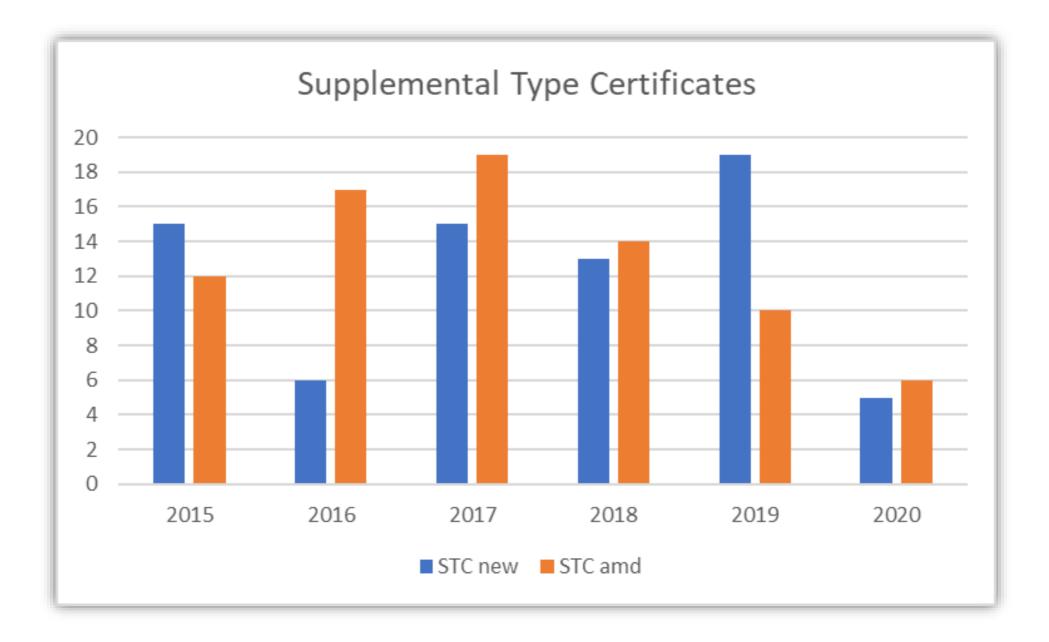


Responsibilities

Design Approvals: TC, STC, Mod, TSO, PMA Design Validation: Acceptance of TC, technical data & specifications Design Delegation Holders: New, renewal, monitoring Support to 146/148 certification, monitoring & inspection Support to 102 initial airworthiness (UAS) PBN approval for Part 91, input to Part 119 operators Collaboration: Bilaterals, ASTM, EUROCAE, SAE

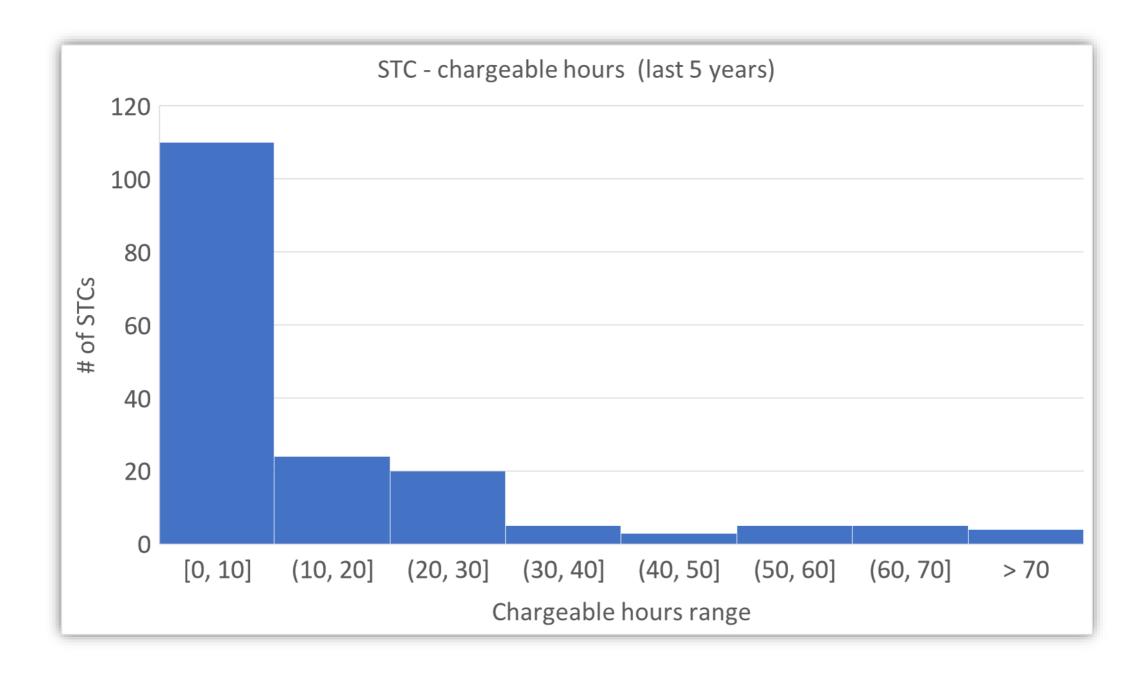








Stats





International Engagement



IMPLEMENTATION PROCEDURES

FOR AIRWORTHINESS

COVERING

Design Approval, Production Activities, Export Airworthiness Approval, Post Design Approval Activities, and Technical Assistance Between Authorities

Under the Agreement between The Government of the United States of America and The Government of New Zealand For The Promotion of Aviation Safety

Revision B

December 4, 2015



WORKING ARRANGEMENT ON AIRWORTHINESS

BETWEEN

THE EUROPEAN AVIATION SAFETY AGENCY (EASA)

AND

THE CIVIL AVIATION AUTHORITY

OF NEW ZEALAND (CAA-NZ)

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CAA

Part 23 14 CFR 23 amendment 64 / CS-23 amendment 5

- FAA & EASA means of compliance are different
- Must use FAA/EASA means of compliance identify Part 23 paragraph <u>and MoC</u> on PSCP/Compliance matrix/Technical Assessment
- ASTM membership expected
- Alternate means of compliance may be acceptable to Director (CAA Issue Paper)
- Differences: low speed handling characteristics (loss of control) and icing
- Similarity amendment comparison may not hold true



Cyber security





Aircraft Systems Information Security Protection (ASISP) FAA Policy Statement PS-AIR-21.16-02 r2 TC/STC Special Conditions for.... Systems with Major, Hazardous, Catastrophic failure conditions: 14 CFR 23 Level 4 Commuter Category 14 CFR 25 Transport Category Systems with Hazardous, Catastrophic: 14 CFR 27 Multi-engine Normal Category 14 CFR 29 Transport Category e.g. Garmin G5000 STC on Beech 400A **Aircraft Cybersecurity** EASA Decision 2020/006/R **Rule change (interim TC/STC Special Conditions) for....** System failure criticality not specified: CS-23 Level 4 **CS-25 CS-27 Category A CS-29 CS-E & CS-APU engine control systems CS-ETSO, CS-P Propeller control systems** MoC: RTCA DO-365, EUROCAE ED-204



Note: ASTM F44 committee: <u>Draft</u> Standard Practice for Protection of Aircraft Systems from Intentional Unauthorized Electronic Interactions (IUEI) applies to Part 23 Level 1-4 Standard Category, Haz/Cat)



"We owe it to our passengers to keep learning how to do it better"

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Chesley Sullenberger

- KU online courses (Aircraft Structures, Icing, flight dynamics, EWIS, flight control & hydraulics, System Safety).
- Flight Safety Human Factors, Gen Fam e.g. PT6, MEL, SMS.
- RTCA DO-160, 178, 254
- SAE Design for Manf, Design of Experiments, FEA, AS9100
- FAA DER recurrency training
- ASTM meetings on F44
- RAeS CPD sessions



CPD

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Industry seminars	Date	Notes
AEA South Pacific conference (Qt)	10-11 Nov 2020	Postponed to 2021
UAS certification working group	Bi-annual	Likely online
ASTM F44 committee meeting	April/Oct	Likely free and online
ASTM F37 committee meeting		Likely free and online
JARUS Plenaries/WG6 meetings		Likely free and online
Fire & cabin safety triennial	Next event 2022	
FAA APAC bilateral partners meeting	Postponed to late 2021	
FAA Rotorcraft safety seminar	<u>27-Oct-20</u>	Online, free
EASA additive manufacturing	tbc	Online, free?
EASA rotorcraft symposium	<u>Nov-20</u>	Online, free.
FAA UAS symposium		
Drone enable (ICAO)	Mar-21	Live free on youtube
Uber elevate	June 21 tbc?	



Looking forward

- AC21-X Flight Test Guidance (imminent release)
- AC00-6 Electronic signatures/recordkeeping/manuals (released)
- AC21-7 Type Certification (wip)
- AC21-8 Supplemental Type Certificates (wip): Update PSCP template for Finding of Compliance.
- AC146-1 Aircraft design organisations (wip): Develop a clearer scope definition for Part 146 and DDH to ensure consistency and global alignment. Clarify delegation issue process. Clarify standalone FMS approvals. Remove 'negligible' W&B definition.
- AC43-14 Standard Design Changes (wip): Appendices for LED lights, AoA sensors, CO sensors, real time tracking systems e.g. Spidertracks.
- AC91-13 Night Vision Systems (wip): Clearer split between Ops & Airworthiness requirements. Clarity on Major/Minor for amendments to existing NVIS.



Hot topics



Continuing Airworthiness

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- > 1153 defect occurrences registered Oct 19 Sept 20
- Nil registered by Part 146 or Part 148
- > 32 related to NZ TC (raised by Maint Orgs, 1 by TC holder)
- > One with keyword "STC" (raised by Maint Org with a DO)
- One with keyword "modification" and related to DO approval (raised by Maint Org)

12.55 - Notification of incident		
(a) A holder of a certificate issued by the Director under the Act and the following Parts must notify Authority as soon as practicable of any associated incident if the certificate holder is involved in the incident and the incident is a serious incident or is an immediate hazard to the safety of an aircraft operation:		
(1) Parts 115, 119, 129 and 137— aircraft incident, or dangerous goods incident:		
(2) Part 172 — airspace incident:		
(2) Parts 171 and 174 facility malfunction incident:		

(4) Parts 19, 47, 115, 119, 129, 137, 145, 146, and 148 — defect incident:



Human Factors in Design

→

Clarity of Maintenance Instructions

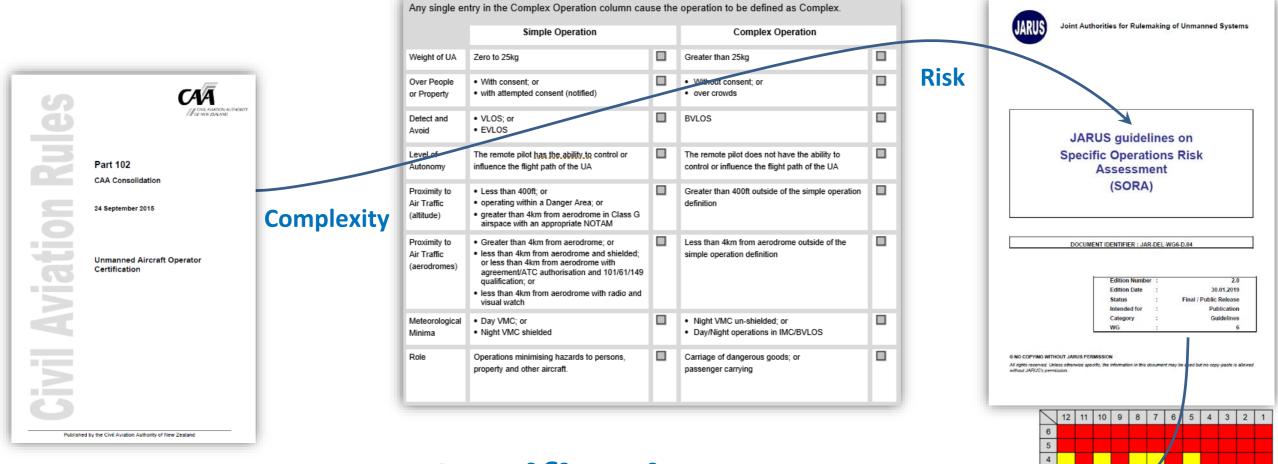
- × "Installation is the reverse of removal"
- × "Make new hose in accordance with AC43.13-1b"

Different instructions for similar items – TC v's STC/Mod ✓ Include IPC supplement if confusion could occur ✓ Consider the affect on or need for MMEL

The FAA provides a variety of material relating to human factors to help designers here: <u>https://www.faa.gov/aircraft/air_cert/design_approvals/human_factors/hf-air/policy/</u> Design Considerations for the Human Contribution to Safety was presented at the 2019 Design Delegate Holders Seminar: <u>https://www.aviation.govt.nz/assets/aircraft/2019-design-delegation-seminar/design-considerations.pdf</u>



UAS approach





EUROCAI

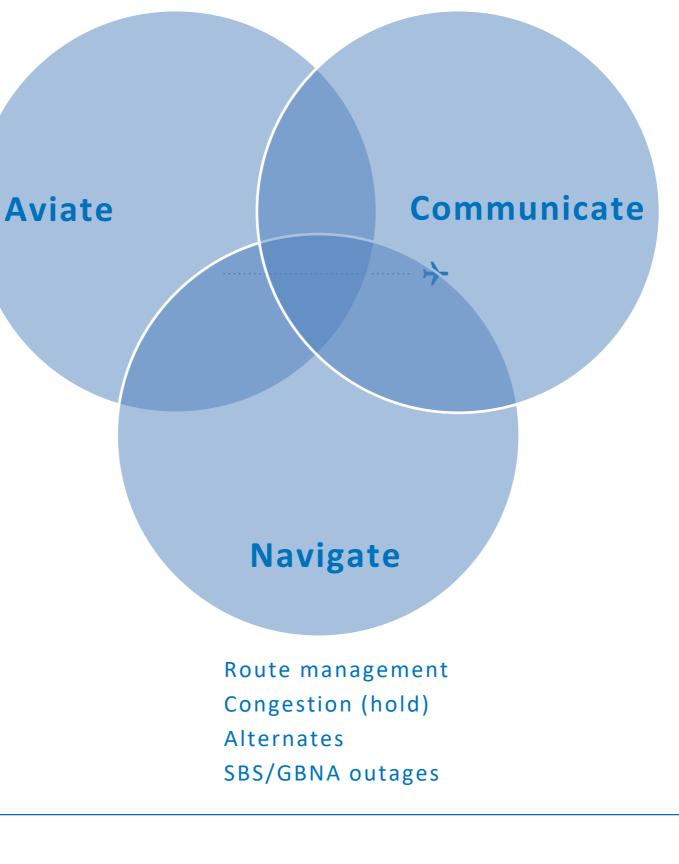
Level of Assurance (oversight) = declare/3rd party/TC Level of Integrity (requirements) = OSO mapping. Standards: D&R, Industry Consensus, 14CFR, CS/SC-VTOL. No Integration solutions yet (Pt91 requirements – DAA, AI, ATS comms etc.)



Size	Applications in progress
0 – 25kg BVLOS	1 (medical delivery)
25 – 600kg	6 (infrastructure, survey, HALO, agriculture – all remote areas)
>600kg conversion	2 potential (both 14CFR 23 - STCs)
 >600kg other	1

UAS approach

Flight control System (autonomy level) Detect & avoid (Traffic, Weather, Terrain, Birds, People, Structures, wake turbulence) Emergency procedures (Fault mitigation, safe landing sites)



ATC

Other traffic

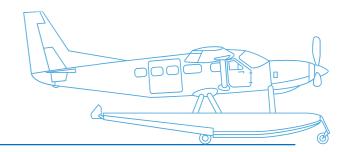
Services

Remote Pilot C2

Flight Information

Frequency management

Break

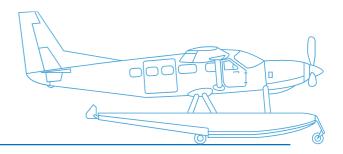






We invite any questions, comments and/or feedback

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Thank for you your attendance

